

**Homework #4**  
**Due Friday Sept 23rd in lecture**

**Math 527, UNH fall 2011**

**Problems 1-6:** Find the general solution of the ODE. If initial values are provided, plug them in to solve the initial-value problem. Hint for problems 1 & 2: use the ansatz  $y(x) = ce^{\lambda x}$  rather than applying 1st order linear solution method.

1.  $y' - 3y = 0$

2.  $y' + 3y = 0$

3.  $y'' - 9y = 0$

4.  $y'' + 9y = 0$

5.  $y'' - 5y' + 6y = 0, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 1$

6.  $y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 1$

7.  $y'' + 6y' + 13y = 0, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 2$

**Problem 8:** Use reduction of order and the solution  $y_1(x) = x$  to find the general solution of

$$x^2 y'' + 2xy' - 2y = 0$$

**Problem 9:** Plug  $x = i\omega t$  (where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ ) into the Taylor series expansion of  $e^x$  to show that

$$e^{i\omega t} = \cos \omega t + i \sin \omega t$$