

① $\frac{dT}{dt} = k(T - T_m)$ Newton's Law of Cooling

$T_m = 10^\circ\text{F}$

$T(0) = 70^\circ\text{F}$

$T(30) = 50^\circ\text{F}$

$T(60) = ?$

For $T = 15^\circ\text{F}$, $t = ?$

$\frac{dT}{dt} = k(T - 10)$, separable

$\frac{1}{T - 10} \frac{dT}{dt} = k$

$\frac{d}{dt}(\ln|T - 10|) = k$

Integrate both sides wrt t

$\ln|T - 10| = kt + C$

$|T - 10| = e^{kt + C}$

$T - 10 = C e^{kt}$

$T(t) = 10 + C e^{kt}$

$T(0) = 10 + C e^0$

$70 = 10 + C$

$60 = C$

$T(30) = 10 + 60 e^{k(30)}$

$50 = 10 + 60 e^{k(30)}$

$\frac{40}{60} = e^{k(30)}$

$\frac{1}{30} \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = k$

$-0.013516 = k$

$T(t) = 10 + 60 e^{-0.013516 t}$ for t in seconds, T in Fahrenheit

$T(60) = 36.7^\circ\text{F}$

$15 = 10 + 60 e^{-0.013516 t}$

$\ln\left(\frac{5}{60}\right) = -t$

-0.013516

$t = 183.85$ secs for $T = 15^\circ\text{F}$

→ 3.05 min

2) Mixtures $\frac{dA}{dt} = \text{input rate of salt} - \text{output rate of salt}$

$\frac{dA}{dt} = R_{in} - R_{out}$, $A(t) = \text{amount of salt in the soln at time } t \text{ in grams}$

$$R_{in} = \frac{1 \text{ g}}{\text{L}} \cdot \frac{4 \text{ L}}{\text{min}} = \frac{4 \text{ g}}{\text{min}}$$

$$R_{out} = \frac{A(t)}{200} \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} \cdot \frac{4 \text{ L}}{\text{min}}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 4 - \frac{A}{50}$$

+5

$$\frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{A}{50} = 4$$
$$\mu(t) = e^{\int \frac{1}{50} dt} = e^{\frac{1}{50}t}$$

$$e^{\frac{1}{50}t} \left(\frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{A}{50} = 4 \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(e^{\frac{1}{50}t} A \right) = 4 e^{\frac{1}{50}t}$$

Int wrt t .

$$e^{\frac{1}{50}t} A = \frac{4}{\frac{1}{50}} e^{\frac{1}{50}t} + C$$

$$A(t) = e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} \left(200 e^{\frac{1}{50}t} + C \right)$$

$$A(t) = 200 + C e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

+5

use IC $A(0) = 30 \text{ g}$

+5

$$A(0) = 200 + C e^{-\frac{1}{50}(0)}$$

$$30 = 200 + C$$

$$-170 = C$$

+5

Then

$$A(t) = 200 - 170 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

+5

3) Second-Order Chemical Reaction

rate of production of $C = X(t)$.
at time t

$$\frac{dX}{dt} \propto \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{amt of A remaining} \\ \text{at time } t \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{amt of B remaining} \\ \text{at time } t \end{array} \right)$$



Then for each gram of B, 2g of A is used.

For a grams of A, b grams of B, we have

$$a + b = X \text{ grams of C. } a = 2b \text{ and}$$

$$2b + b = X$$

$$\text{then } b = \frac{X}{3} \text{ and } a = 2b = \frac{2}{3}X$$

at $t=0$, there are 100g of A, 50g of B, 0g of C.

$$\text{then } \frac{dX}{dt} \propto \left(100 - \frac{2}{3}X \right) \left(50 - \frac{1}{3}X \right)$$

$$\text{ie. } \frac{dX}{dt} = k_1 (300 - 2X)(150 - X) \text{ which is separable.}$$

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = k_1 \cdot 2(150 - X)(150 - X)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dX}{dt} = k_2 (150 - X)^2} \quad +5$$

$$\frac{1}{(150-x)^2} \frac{dX}{dt} = k_2$$

$$\left(\int \frac{1}{(150-x)^2} dx = \int -u^{-2} du = \frac{-u^{-1}}{-1} = u^{-1} \right)$$

$u = 150 - x$
 $du = -dx$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{150-x} \right) = k_2$$

Integrate wrt t .

$$\frac{1}{150-x} = k_2 t + C$$

$$\frac{1}{k_2 t + C} = 150 - x$$

$$X(t) = 150 - \frac{1}{k_2 t + C}$$

Drop subscript in k_2 ($k_2 = k$)

+5

Use ICs^① $X(10) = 10$ g.

$$X(10) = 150 - \frac{1}{k(10) + C} = 10$$

$$140 = \frac{1}{10k + C}$$

$$10k + C = \frac{1}{140}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{140} - 10k$$

used ICs correctly
+5

② $X(0) = 0$ g.

$$X(0) = 150 - \frac{1}{C} = 0$$

$$150 = \frac{1}{C}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{150}$$

$$\text{Then } C = \frac{1}{140} - 10k \text{ and } C = \frac{1}{150}$$

$$\text{So } \frac{1}{150} = \frac{1}{140} - 10k$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{150} - \frac{1}{140}}{-10} = k$$

$$k = 4.7619e^{-5}$$

$$\text{So finally, } X(t) = 150 - \frac{1}{(4.7619e^{-5}t + (\frac{1}{150}))}$$

$$\text{i.e. } X(t) = 150 - \frac{150}{0.0071429t + 1}$$

$$(4.7619e^{-5} \cdot 150) = 7.1429e^{-3}$$

$$\text{As } t \rightarrow \infty, X(t) \rightarrow \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} 150 - \frac{150}{0.0071429t + 1} = 150$$

$$\text{As } t \rightarrow \infty, X(t) \rightarrow 150. \quad +5$$

$$\text{For } X(t) = \frac{1}{2} 150 = 75, t = ?$$

$$75 = 150 - \frac{150}{0.0071429t + 1}$$

$$-75(0.0071429t + 1) = -150$$

$$-75(0.0071429t) = -150 + 75$$

$$t = \frac{-75}{-75(0.0071429)} = 140$$

$$\text{For } X = 75 \\ t = 140 \text{ min} \quad +5$$